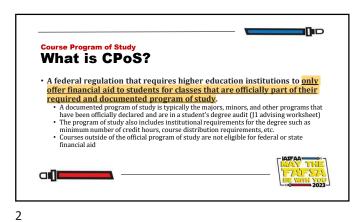
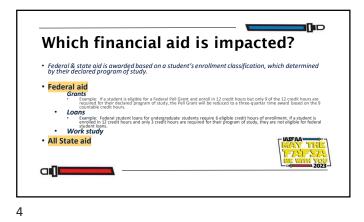


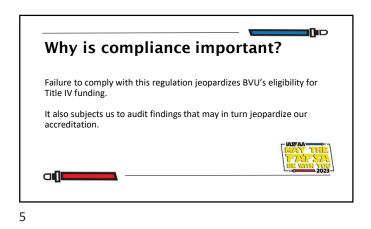
## Course Program of Study: The Audit Finding

PRESENTED BY: Patti Demers, Buena Vista University, Julie Haack, St. Ambrose University, and Chad Olson, FAAC, Iowa State University

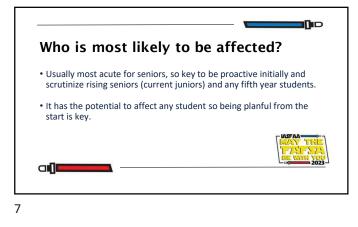


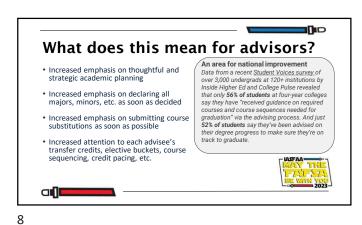
What is the purpose of CPoS	?
<ul> <li>Some of the reasons federal officials put the CPoS regu were to:</li> </ul>	ulation in place
Help reduce time-to-degree and increase college complete	etion rates
Reduce student debt and increase college affordability	
Combat financial aid fraud	HATAA THE
	2023

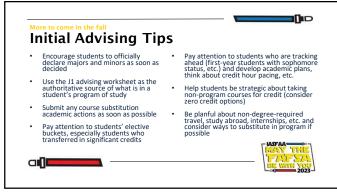












## **Sample Scenarios**

2

1 Only 6 hours needed to finish Student needs 6 hours to complete a program and wants to take another 6 hours to be fulltime that do not count towards a declared program, but their electives are used up. Title IV aid cannot be used to pay for the 6 unneeded hours. Aid pays on the 6 required hours only in this case.

ASTAN THE

## Undeclared minor Credits beyond 12 Student declares a major in Psychology and is following a minor in Spanish but has not declared it. Student enrolls in 9 hours for the major and 3 hours for the minor. Aid pays on 9 hours only because the formal degree plan for that student's official record does A student plans A student plans don't apply town declared progra Students can ta courses. They credits that course

not account for courses in an intended (but so far undeclared) minor. 3

Credits beyond 12 A student plans to enroll in 17 hours, including 3 hours that don't apply toward outstanding requirements in their officially declared program of study. Students can take between 12-18 credits of any courses. They must be in 12 credits that count towards their degree. Students have additional charges for courses starting at 19 credits/ semester.

10

